

1. Payment of Principal and Interest; Preparation and Late Charges. Subject to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender on the principal of and interest on the Note and any prepayment made late charges due under the Note.

2. Funds for Taxes and Insurance. Subj ect to applicable law or to a written waiver by Lender, Borrower shall pay to Lender assessments which may affect this Security instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments of ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 8, in full or in part, for payment of mortgage insurance premiums. These are called "Escrow Items". Lender will hold monogage insurance premiums, if any; (d) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 8, in full or in part, for payment of title insurance premiums. These are called "Escrow Items". Lender may require a general account in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount set by the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. 2601 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of funds due on the basis of correct data and reasonable estimates of future Escrow items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, institutionally, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is such an institution) or in any other holding and applying the Funds, annually, unless Lender shall apply the Escrow account, or verifying the Escrow items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applies Lender's permits to make such a charge. However, Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan, unless Borrower pays otherwise. Unless an agreement is made between Lender and Borrower, Borrower shall pay to Lender any interest or earnings on the Funds without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds and the principal of each debt to the Funds was made. The Funds are pledged as additional security for all sums secured by this Note.

3. Security instrument. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds, showing credits and debits to the Funds, until the principal of each debt to the Funds is paid in full, a sum ("Funds") for (a) yearly taxes and assessments of property over this Security instrument as a lien on the Property; (b) yearly leasehold payments of ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) any sums payable by Borrower to Lender, in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 8, in full or in part, for payment of title insurance premiums. These are called "Escrow Items". Lender may require a general account in an amount not to exceed the maximum amount set by the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 as amended from time to time, 12 U.S.C. 2601 et seq. ("RESPA"), unless another law that applies to the Funds sets a lesser amount. If so, Lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds in an amount not to exceed the lesser amount. Lender may estimate the amount of funds due on the basis of correct data and reasonable estimates of future Escrow items or otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security instrument as the "Property".
BORROWER COVENANTS that the Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the property and that he is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants that no will be defied generally the title to the property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.
THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for rational use and non-uniform covenants with limited warranties by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

which has the address of 510 W CARPENTER STREET
ST CHARLES (City) (Street) (Property Address)
IOWA Zip Code (Zip Code)

This Security Instrument is given to **BRENTON MORTGAGES, INC.**
 which is organized and existing under the laws of the State of Iowa
 150 1ST AVE NE CEDAR RAPIDS IA 52401
 and whose address is _____
 ("Borrower").
 Borrower owes Lender the principal sum of **One Hundred Sixteen Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty and 00/100**
 Dollars (**U.S. \$ 116,850.00**). This debt is evidenced by Borrower's note dated the same date
 as this Security instrument ("Note"), which provides for monthly payments, with the full debt, if not paid earlier, due and payable on
September 1, 2028. This Security instrument secures to the Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note,
 with interest, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; (b) the payment of all other sums, with interest, advanced under
 paragraph 7 to protect the security of this Security instrument; and (c) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this
 Security instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described
 property located in **MADISON** County, Iowa:

THIS MORTGAGE ("Security Instrument") is given on **August 25, 1998**
The mortgagor is _____

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[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

(Space Above This Line For Recording Date)

TGAGES, INC. 150 1ST AVE

GENERAL

COMPAGNIE

RECORDED

COMPUTER

→ [View Details](#)

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

ANSWER

If the Funds held by Lender exceed the amounts permitted to be held by applicable law, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess Funds in accordance with the requirements of applicable law. If the amount of the Funds held by Lender at any time is not sufficient to pay the Escrow Items when due, Lender may so notify Borrower in writing, and, in such case Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency. Borrower shall make up the deficiency in no more than twelve monthly payments, at Lender's sole discretion.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender. If under paragraph 21, Lender shall acquire or sell the Property, Lender, prior to the acquisition or sale of the Property, shall apply any Funds held by Lender at the time of acquisition or sale as a credit against the sums secured by this Security Instrument.

3. Application of Payments. Unless applicable law provides otherwise, all payments received by Lender under paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be applied: first, to any prepayment charges due under the Note; second, to amounts payable under paragraph 2; third, to interest due; fourth, to principal due; and last, to any late charges due under the Note.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines and impositions attributable to the Property which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, and leasehold payments or ground rents, if any. Borrower shall pay these obligations in the manner provided in paragraph 2, or if not paid in that manner, Borrower shall pay them on time directly to the person owed payment. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this paragraph. If Borrower makes these payments directly, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender receipts evidencing the payments.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; (b) contests in good faith the lien by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in the Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above within 10 days of the giving of notice.

5. Hazard or Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage" and any other hazards, including floods or flooding, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts and for the periods that Lender requires. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's approval which shall not be unreasonably withheld. If Borrower fails to maintain coverage described above, Lender may, at Lender's option, obtain coverage to protect Lender's rights in the Property in accordance with paragraph 7.

All insurance policies and renewals shall be acceptable to Lender and shall include a standard mortgage clause. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewals. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. Occupancy, Preservation Maintenance and Protection of Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgement could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

7. Protection of Lender's Rights in the Property. If Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or there is a legal proceeding that may significantly affect Lender's rights in the Property (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture or to enforce laws or regulations), then Lender may do and pay for whatever is necessary to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property. Lender's actions may include paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, appearing in court, paying reasonable attorneys' fees and entering on the Property to make repairs. Although Lender may take action under this paragraph 7, Lender does not have to do so.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph 7 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

8. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required mortgage insurance as a condition of making the loan secured by this Security Instrument, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the mortgage insurance coverage required by Lender lapses or ceases to be in effect, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the mortgage insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the mortgage insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Lender. If substantially equivalent mortgage insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall pay to Lender each month a sum equal to one-twelfth of the yearly mortgage insurance premium being paid by Borrower when the insurance coverage lapsed or ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a loss reserve in lieu of mortgage insurance. Loss reserve payments may no longer be required, at the option of Lender, if mortgage insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer approved by Lender again becomes available and is obtained. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a loss reserve, until the requirement for mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender or applicable law.

9. Inspection. Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to an inspection specifying reasonable cause for the inspection.

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Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazards Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any government or regulatory authority authority, that any removal or other remedial action is necessary to protect the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

20. Hazararous Substances Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances on or in the Property. Borrower shall not allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that is in violation of any Environmental Law. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property.

19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security instrument) may be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale may result in a change in the entity "Servicer" that collects monthly payments due under the Note and this Security instrument. There also may be one or more changes of the "Loan Servicer" under the Note. If there is a change of the loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change in accordance with paragraph 14 above and applicable law. The notice will state the name and address of the new Servicer in the case of acceleration under paragraph 17.

action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that the lien of this Security Instrument, Lender's rights in the Property and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security instrument to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this Security instrument and the obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security instrument to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Upon acceleration by Lender, and (a) unless such

18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earlier of: (a) 5 days (or such other period as applicable law may specify for reinstatement) before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security instrument or (b) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other agreements or arrangements (c) pays all expenses incurred by Lender in collecting the Note or this Security instrument, including reasonable attorney fees.

This option shall not be exercised by Lender if exercise is prohibited by federal law as of the date of this Security instrument.

in which the Property is located. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument conflicts with applicable law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision. To this end the provisions of this Security Instrument and the Note are declared to be severable.

16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one conforming copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lenders' prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, it is sold or transferred (or if a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred and Borrower is not a natural person) without Lenders' prior written consent, Lender may, at its option, require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However,

14. Notices. Any notice to Borrower shall be given by deliverying it or by mailing it by first class mail unless applicable law requires use of another method. The notice shall be directed to the Property Address or any other address Borrower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice to Lender shall be given by first class mail to Lender's address Borower designates by notice to Lender. Any notice shall be given by first class mail to Lenders' address or any other address Lender designates by notice to Borrower. Any notice provided for in this Security instrument shall be given by deliverying it or by mailing it by first class mail unless otherwise provided in this paragraph.

15. Governing Law; Severability. This Security instrument shall be governed by federal law and the laws of the jurisdiction in which the parties are located, and any dispute arising under this instrument shall be determined by the federal law and the laws of the jurisdiction in which the parties are located.

13. Loan Charges. If the loan secured by this Security Instrument is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the loan exceeds sums already collected from Borrower which exceed the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the loan and (b) any sums already collected over and above the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the loan will be refunded to Borrower. Lender, may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces

12. **Succesors and Assigins Bound; Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers.** The covenants and agreements of this Security instrument shall bind and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender and Borrower, subject to the provisions of paragraph 17. Borrowers' covenants and agreements shall be joint and several. Any Borrower who co-signs this Security instrument does not execute the Note; (a) is co-signing this Security instrument only to mortgagee, grant and convey that Borrower's interest in the property under the terms of this Security instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower may agree to extend, modify, forgive or make any accommodations with respect to the property under the terms of this Security instrument; (d) is not personally liable for any obligations of any other Borrower under this Security instrument; (e) is not personally liable for any obligations of any other Borrower under this Security instrument; and (f) is not personally liable for any obligations of any other Borrower under this Security instrument.

11. Borrower Not Responsible; Forbearance By Lender Not Released; Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to any successor in interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of the original Borrower or Borrower's successors in interest from the obligations under this Security Instrument.

unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of clause the amount of such payments.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the condominium offers to make an award proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are due.

10. **Condemnation.** The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, in connection with any condemnation of any part of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assignded and shall be paid to Lender, or other taking of the Property, or for conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assignded and shall be paid to Lender, in the event of a total taking of the Property, the proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. In the event of a partial taking of the Property in which the fair market value of the immediately before the taking is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument immediately before the taking unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the sums secured by this Security instrument immediately before the taking.

As used in this paragraph 20, "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. As used in this paragraph 20, "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under paragraph 17 unless applicable law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender, at its option, may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this paragraph 21, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

22. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs.

23. Waivers. Borrower relinquishes all right of dower and waives all right of homestead and distributive share in and to the Property. Borrower waives any right of exemption as to the Property.

24. Redemption Period. If the Property is less than 10 acres in size and Lender waives in any foreclosure proceeding any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 6 months. If the court finds that the Property has been abandoned by Borrower and Lender waives any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 60 days. The provisions of this paragraph 24 shall be construed to conform to the provisions of Sections 628.26 and 628.27 of the Code of Iowa.

25. Riders to this Security Instrument. If one or more riders are executed by Borrower and recorded together with this Security Instrument, the covenants and agreements of each such rider shall be incorporated into and shall amend and supplement the covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument as if the rider(s) were a part of this Security Instrument. [Check applicable box(es)]

- Adjustable Rate Rider
- Graduated Payment Rider
- Balloon Rider
- Other(s) [specify]

- Condominium Rider
- Planned Unit Development Rider
- Rate Improvement Rider

- 1-4 Family Rider
- Biweekly Payment Rider
- Second Home Rider

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any rider(s) executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

The undersigned borrower(s) acknowledge(s) receipt of a copy of this instrument.

Witnesses:


Borrower JOHN T. GOERING (Seal)


Borrower ERIN L. GOERING (Seal)

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]

STATE OF IOWA

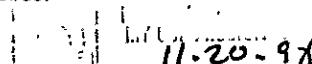
COUNTY OF POLK

} ss:

On this 25th day of August, 1998, before me, a Notary Public in the State of Iowa, personally appeared: JOHN T. GOERING AND ERIN L. GOERING, HUSBAND AND WIFE JTRS

to me personally known to be the person(s) named in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that they executed the same as their voluntary act and deed.

My commission expires:


11-20-98


Notary Public in and for said County and State

[Space Below This Line Reserved For Lender and Recorder]

Lot Thirty-five (35) of Kephart's Addition to St. Charles, Iowa, Plat No. 2, a Subdivision in the City of St. Charles, Madison County, Iowa, AND Parcel "35L", Located in the Southeast Quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of the Northeast Quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Twenty-three (23), Township Seventy-five (75) North, Range Twenty-eight (28) West of the 5th P.M., City of St. Charles, Madison County, Iowa, as shown in Plat of Survey filed in Book 2, Page 336 on January 29, 1998 in the Office of the Recorder of Madison County, Iowa, MCA