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HICKI UTSLER
RECODER
MARION COUNTY, IOWA✓ UNION STATE BANK, P.O. BOX 110, 201 WEST COURT, WINTERSET, IA 50273 (515) 462-2161
[Name, address and telephone number of preparer]

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

MORTGAGE**DEFINITIONS**

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated 07-18-2003....., together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is ..THOMAS D. FRANK AND CINDY L. FRANK, HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT DEBTORS.....

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is UNION STATE BANK.....

Lender is a CORPORATION..... organized and existing under the laws of THE STATE OF IOWA..... Lender's address is P.O. BOX 110, 201 WEST COURT, WINTERSET, IA 50273..... Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated 07-18-2003..... The Note states that Borrower owes Lender ONE HUNDRED SIXTY THOUSAND AND NO/100..... Dollars (U.S. \$ 160,000.00.....) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than 08-01-2023.....

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Rate Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Condominium Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Balloon Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [specify] |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-4 Family Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider | |

(H) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(K) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(M) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(N) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(O) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(P) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.



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of

IOWA—Single Family—Family Mac/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Payments as may be demanded received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment of partial payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may pre-judice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any right to sue Lender under the Note for partial payment of such amounts as are accepted or rejected at the time such payments are accepted. Each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unpaid funds. Lender may hold such unpaid funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unpaid funds. Lender may hold such unpaid funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unpaid funds. Lender shall release Borrower from marking payables due under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset to claim which Borrower might have now or in the future under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under the Note; (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under this Secrecy instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Secrecy instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be outstanding, each payment from Borrower to the extent that it applies to the principal of the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments which can strain the Security instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or rents on the Property; (c) premiums for any insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender under Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items". Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Lender during the term of the Note. Lender shall pay Escrow Items, Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Escrow Items, Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Fees, and Assessments shall be escrowed by Lender in accordance with the provisions of the Note. Lender shall be liable for any such waiver only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly or all Escrow Items at any time. Escrow Items, Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Escrow Items, if any, be escrowed by Lender under this Section. Fees, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be assessed at any time during the term of the Note. Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments or at any time during the term of the Note. At origination or at any time during the term of the Note. Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. The items are called "Escrow Items".

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments which can strain the Security instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or rents on the Property; (c) premiums for any insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender under Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items". Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Lender during the term of the Note. Lender shall pay Escrow Items, Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall be escrowed by Lender in accordance with the provisions of the Note. Lender shall be liable for any such waiver only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly or all Escrow Items at any time. Escrow Items, Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Escrow Items, if any, be escrowed by Lender under this Section. Fees, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be assessed at any time during the term of the Note. Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. The items are called "Escrow Items".

UNIFORM FORM OF CONTRACTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay the Note, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow items pursuant to Section 1, U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument shall be made in U.S. currency, however, if any check or other instrument received by the Note holder is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, such check is drawn upon an institution selected by Lender; (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdictions to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

WINTERSET [Street] [City] [Zip Code] ("Property Address":
Iowa 50273.....)

which currently has the address of 707 W COURT AVE

TRANSFERS OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY
THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT SECURES TO LENDER: (i) THE REPAYMENT OF THE LOAN, AND ALL REINVESTMENTS, EXTENSIONS AND MODIFICATIONS OF THE NOTE; AND (ii) THE PERFORMANCE OF BORROWER'S COVENANTS AND AGREEMENTS UNDER THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT AND THE NOTE.
FOR THIS PURPOSE, BORROWER IRREVOCABLY MORTGAGES, GRANTS AND CONVEYS TO LENDER, WITH POWER OF SALE, THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE OFFICE OF RECORDEDER.....
OF THE NOTE, AND (ii) THE PERFORMANCE OF BORROWER'S COVENANTS AND AGREEMENTS UNDER THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT AND THE NOTE.
THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT SECURES TO LENDER: (i) THE REPAYMENT OF THE LOAN, AND ALL REINVESTMENTS, EXTENSIONS AND MODIFICATIONS
OF THE NOTE; AND (ii) THE PERFORMANCE OF BORROWER'S COVENANTS AND AGREEMENTS UNDER THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT AND THE NOTE.
FOR THIS PURPOSE, BORROWER IRREVOCABLY MORTGAGES, GRANTS AND CONVEYS TO LENDER, WITH POWER OF SALE, THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE OFFICE OF RECORDEDER.....
MADISON COUNTY.....
[Name of Recording Jurisdiction].....
[Type of Recording Jurisdiction].....
TWENTY (20) OF WEST ADDITION TO THE TOWN OF WINTERSET, MADISON COUNTY, IOWA

requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by

TOWA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac Mortgage Instruments

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration

numerous cases of such camouflaged or terminology. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lend-Lease.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has—if any—with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were

Insurance premiums will increase as the amount borrowed will owe for Mortgagor to any refund.

(a) Any such arrangements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for insurance further; or any affidavit of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from the entity, or any affiliate of the entity or Borrower's paymennts for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the characteristics as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurance risk, or reducing losses. If such arrangement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "aptive reinsurance."

Mortgage insurance evaluates their total risk on all such losses that occur from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements may be satisfied by the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements, or by the mortgagor to the mortgagee. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgagee insurer and the other party (or parties). These agreements may be satisfied by the mortgagor to the mortgagee insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements, or by the mortgagor to the mortgagee.

Borrower does not repay the loan as agreed, Borrower will incur certain losses if it may incur the expense of attorney's fees, legal expenses, and other costs of collection.

Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Bottower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

monetary instruments, borrowers shall pay the premiums required to maintain mortgage insurance until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends, in accordance with written non-refundable loss agreement for such termination or until Borrower and Lender provide reasonable between Borrows and Lender's provision for such termination is demanded by Applicable Law.

of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separate designs for premium rates lower than the

paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such losses reverse. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition

mortgagee insurer selected by Lender. It substantially equates Mortgagee insurance premiums with the premiums of Mortgagee Insurance under the policy selected by Lender.

coverages required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgagor insurer but previously provided such insurance may be replaced by other insurance companies in place of the mortgagor insurer.

merger to write.
10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect for any reason the Lender borrows.

Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

Information in connection with the loan, mineral explorations made, or funds used to provide lumber will material concerning Borrower's occupancy of the property as Borrower's principal residence.

relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the property, Borrower shall be responsible for restoring the property only if the lessee has released the proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repair and restoration of a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the property completely,

or impair the Property, allow the Borrower shall permit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is necessary due to damage to avoid further deterioration of damage, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration of damage economically feasible.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property: Lessor shall not destroy, damage or otherwise impair the property, and the lessee shall not do so without the written consent of the lessor.

Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not the Borrower shall comply with the terms of this Note.

period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

IOWA—Single Family—Family Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSURANCE

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property, Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates a condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

By agreement or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substances substance or remediation of any Hazardous Substances under the Environmental Law, Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any government or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property involving the release of any Hazardous Substances substance or remediation of any Hazardous Substances under the Environmental Law, or (b) any actual knowledge, leaking, discharging, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substances, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substances substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower is notified by any government or regulatory authority or any other party of any such action, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary steps to correct the problem, and shall not remove or alter any removal or corrective action taken by another party.

Environmental Clean-up. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an environmental clean-up in accordance with Environmental Law. Remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law shall be taken by Borrower if necessary to remediate any Hazards Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary steps to correct the problem, and shall not remove or alter any removal or corrective action taken by another party.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument or that the other party has breached any provision in this Security Instrument or that such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If applicable Law provides a time lapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to cure corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

19. Borrower's right to remit certain fees, prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before application of the Law might purport to any power of sale contained in this Security instrument; (b) such other period as Note as it no acceleration had occurred; (c) pay all expenses incurred in enjoining this Security instrument and the Note as it no acceleration had occurred; (d) cure any default of any other covantees on Security instrument. These conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security instrument; or (c) entry of a judgment notwithstanding the trial of the cause of action.

Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to remit: (a) five days before application of the Law might purport to any power of sale contained in this Security instrument; (b) such other period as Note as it no acceleration had occurred; (c) pay all expenses incurred in enjoining this Security instrument and the Note as it no acceleration had occurred; (d) cure any default of any other covantees on Security instrument. The Note as it no acceleration had occurred.

20. Borrower shall have the right to remit certain fees, prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before application of this Security instrument to any power of sale contained in this Security instrument; (b) such other period as Note as it no acceleration had occurred; (c) pay all expenses incurred in enjoining this Security instrument and the Note as it no acceleration had occurred; (d) cure any default of any other covantees on Security instrument. The Note as it no acceleration had occurred.

exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

"Property", means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, or any future date to a purchaser.

As used in this Secrecy Instrument, (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or Right to Payment. A copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument, as used in this Secrecy Instrument, shall be given to the transferee in payment of the Note.

pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. Waivers. Borrower relinquishes all right of dower and waives all right of homestead and distributive share in and to the Property. Borrower waives any right of exemption as to the Property.

25. HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION WAIVER. I UNDERSTAND THAT HOMESTEAD PROPERTY IS IN MANY CASES PROTECTED FROM THE CLAIMS OF CREDITORS AND EXEMPT FROM JUDICIAL SALE; AND THAT BY SIGNING THIS MORTGAGE, I VOLUNTARILY GIVE UP MY RIGHT TO THIS PROTECTION FOR THIS MORTGAGED PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO CLAIMS BASED UPON THIS MORTGAGE.

Thomas D. Frank
THOMAS D. FRANK

7-18-03

[Date]

Cindy L. Frank
CINDY L. FRANK

7-18-03

[Date]

26. Redemption Period. If the Property is less than 10 acres in size and Lender waives in any foreclosure proceeding any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 6 months. If the court finds that the Property has been abandoned by Borrower and Lender waives any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 60 days. The provisions of this Section 26 shall be construed to conform to the provisions of Sections 628.26 and 628.27 of the Code of Iowa.

Purchase Money Mortgage. This is a purchase money mortgage as defined by Iowa law.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE SIGNING. THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT SHOULD BE READ CAREFULLY BECAUSE ONLY THOSE TERMS IN WRITING ARE ENFORCEABLE. NO OTHER TERMS OR ORAL PROMISES NOT CONTAINED IN THIS WRITTEN CONTRACT MAY BE LEGALLY ENFORCED. YOU MAY CHANGE THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT ONLY BY ANOTHER WRITTEN AGREEMENT.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Thomas D. Frank (Seal)
THOMAS D. FRANK
-Borrower

Cindy L. Frank (Seal)
CINDY L. FRANK
-Borrower

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]

STATE OF IOWA SS:

County of MADISON.....

On this 9TH..... day of JUNE, 2003....., before me, a Notary Public in the State of Iowa, personally appeared THOMAS D. FRANK; CINDY L. FRANK, HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT DEBTORS....., to me known to be the person(s) named in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged thathe/she/they..... executed the same ashis/her/their..... voluntary act and deed.

My Commission Expires: 08-16-2005

Dave A. Koch
Notary Public in the State of Iowa

DAVE A. KOCH



HOGNA ESTATE
DOVER HAMPTON, MASS.