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MICKI UTSLER
RECORDER
MADISON COUNTY, IOWA

✓ UNION STATE BANK, P.O. BOX 110, 201 WEST COURT, WINTERSSET, IA 50273, (515) 462-2161.....
[Name, address and telephone number of preparer]

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated 09-08-2003....., together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is ..MATTHEW KIGER AND JILL KIGER, HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT DEBTORS.....

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is UNION STATE BANK.....

Lender is a CORPORATION..... organized and existing under the laws of THE STATE OF IOWA..... Lender's address is P.O. BOX 110, 201 WEST COURT, WINTERSSET, IA 50273..... Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated 09-08-2003..... The Note states that Borrower owes Lender ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY THOUSAND AND NO/100..... Dollars (U.S. \$ 170,000.00.....) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than 09-01-2033.....

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Rate Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Condominium Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Balloon Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [specify] |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-4 Family Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider | |

(H) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(K) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(M) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(N) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(O) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(P) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.



JK

OWA—Single Family—Family Mac/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (e) premiums for any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in the amount of Mortgagor's premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called Escrow Items. At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment has been waived by Lender and, if Lender

Any application of payments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges due as described in the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent Payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments in reverse chronological order. Each Periodic Payment may be applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any other Periodic Payment, and to the extent that, under this provision, any payment made by Borrower to Lender is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any other Periodic Payment after the payment of the Periodic Payments it.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to each Periodic Payment in the order under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

performs the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance

Payments are deemed received by Lender when delivered at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment of partial payment if the payment is insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment of partial payment if the payment is insufficient to bring the Loan current, but Lender may not refuse such payment if it is made in good faith.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any subsequent payment due under the Note or this Security instrument be drawn upon in institution whose depositors are insured by a federal agency.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

BORKOWSKI COVRNANTS under Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to record.

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property".

WINTERFEST [City] [Street] [Zip Code] („Property Address“):
....., Iowa 50273-8186 (City) (Street) (Zip Code) („Property Address“):

which currently has the address of 2995 STATE HIGHWAY 92.

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

W. H. G. (1875-1950) was a prominent figure in the field of entomology, particularly in the study of beetles. He was a member of the Royal Entomological Society and served as President of the British Museum's Department of Entomology. His work on the beetles of Britain is well-known and highly regarded.

RANGE TWENTY-SEVEN (27) WEST OF THE 5TH P.M., MADISON COUNTY, IOWA

LOT TWO (2) OF TILLEVILLE ESTATES, LOCATED IN THE EAST HALF (1/2) OF THE SOUTHEAST QUARTER (1/4) OF SECTION TWENTY-SEVEN (27), TOWNSHIP SEVENTY-SIX (76) NORTH,

MADISON COUNTY Name of Recordinia Institution

For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably conveys, grants and conveys to Lender, with power of sale, the following:

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by

LOWA-Single Family-Farm Model Form Instructions

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property; if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened, during such repair and restoration

Unearmed at this time of such cancellation or termination.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has—if any—with respect to the Mortgage insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were

(a) Any such agreements will not increase the amount of the Borrower's liability under the Note or the amount of the Borrower's liability under the Note.

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgagor's insurance or reduce its premium.

agreements may require the mortgagor to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgagor may have available (which may include funds obtained from life insurance premiums).

However, does not repay the loan as agreed; however is not a party to the mortgage insurance.

More aggregate measures of economic welfare are discussed in the next section.

Section 10 affords Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

designed payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Minimum Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make a separate payment toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable premium for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with whatever loan-terms provide for the payment of premiums for Mortgage Insurance.

coverage based to be in effect, Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-redeemable loss reserve in the event of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-redeemable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require losses reserve payments in Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender receives payments provided by an insurer selected by Lender becomes available, is obtained and Lender receives payment) provided by an insurer selected by Lender to cover losses arising from the same cause(s) as the original losses.

such pay the premium required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Protection previously in effect, at a cost to Borrower of the cost to Lender selected by Lender. It substantially equates the amount of the separately designed payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect under these terms as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu

10. **Mortgage Insurance.** A Lender required to maintain Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, however shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance ceases to be available from the mortgagor previously provided such insurance and coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgagor provided such insurance and coverage required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage subsequently in effect to the Mortgage Insurance as it exists at the time of the original loan.

Borrower agrees to pay title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment, security instrument shall bear interest in the note rate date of issuance and shall be payable,

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Interest as if such amounts shall have interest at the rate from time of disbursement and until the principal and all interest thereon is paid in full.

over this Security instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorney fees to protect its interest in the property and/or rights under this Security instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing

over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including proceeding and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over the Property.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture), for enforcement of a lien which may attach priority

or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations made, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

8. Borrower's Loan Application Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower fails to furnish an interior inspection specification such as mold or termite infestation or other physical damage to the property.

relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

If insurance coverage of condemnation proceedings are paid in connection with damage to property or the taking of property, Lender shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not liable to pay the difference or the remaining amount.

or impair the Property to determine the rate of common waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is, damage to the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is more economical than feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if it is damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage

6. Occupancy: Borrower shall occupy, lease the Property, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which control shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extraordinary circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

IOWA—Single Family—Family Mac/Fredie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement to pay sums secured under this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise); (a) the details; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured, or before the date specified in the notice is given to Borrower, whichever is earlier.

Non-Uniform Law provides otherwise; (a) the details; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured, or before the date specified in the notice is given to Borrower, whichever is earlier.

23. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may repossess. In the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to remit late fees after acceleration and sale of the property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to remit late fees after acceleration and sale of the property. In the notice Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred to collect the security instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred to release this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or any thing affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintainance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, the Property and any Hazardous Substance or agency or private party involving the Property and demand, lawsuit or other action by any government or regulatory authority against the Property or written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, or release of a Hazardous Substance or remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for any remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all other measures, or is notified by any government authority, or any private party, that any removal or other action by the Person, or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower by the Person, uses or release of a Hazardous Substance which causes to any condition caused by any spilling, leaking, discharging, or release of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused to any spill, leak, discharge, or release of release of any Hazardous Substance.

Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, involving the Property and demand, lawsuit or other action by any government or regulatory authority against the Property or written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, or release of a Hazardous Substance or remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for any remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all other measures, or is notified by any government authority, or any private party, that any removal or other action by the Person, or release of a Hazardous Substance which causes to any condition caused by any spilling, leaking, discharging, or release of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused to any spill, leak, discharge, or release of release of any Hazardous Substance.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument (as either Borrower or Lender) has noticed the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for the purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

19. Borrower's Right to Remainder After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Security Law permits; (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument; or (d) such other date as it may agree to in the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; and (e) all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of prosecuting a Lender's rights under this Security Instrument; and (f) any other date as the Note specifies.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Lender; Notice of Grace Period. The Note or a partial interest in the Note, together with this Security Instrument, can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale of Note will result in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information required by the new Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information required by the new Loan Servicer, Borrower and the Note is sold and transferred to another party, the Note will remain with the original Noteholder unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in the Property is sold or transferred) without Lenders' prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by law.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

As used in this Securitry Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. Waivers. Borrower relinquishes all right of dower and waives all right of homestead and distributive share in and to the Property. Borrower waives any right of exemption as to the Property.

25. HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION WAIVER. I UNDERSTAND THAT HOMESTEAD PROPERTY IS IN MANY CASES PROTECTED FROM THE CLAIMS OF CREDITORS AND EXEMPT FROM JUDICIAL SALE; AND THAT BY SIGNING THIS MORTGAGE, I VOLUNTARILY GIVE UP MY RIGHT TO THIS PROTECTION FOR THIS MORTGAGED PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO CLAIMS BASED UPON THIS MORTGAGE.

Matthew Kiger
MATTHEW KIGER

8-08-03
[Date]

Jill Kiger
JILL KIGER

8-8-03
[Date]

26. Redemption Period. If the Property is less than 10 acres in size and Lender waives in any foreclosure proceeding any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 6 months. If the court finds that the Property has been abandoned by Borrower and Lender waives any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 60 days. The provisions of this Section 26 shall be construed to conform to the provisions of Sections 628.26 and 628.27 of the Code of Iowa.

Purchase Money Mortgage. This is a purchase money mortgage as defined by Iowa law.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE SIGNING. THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT SHOULD BE READ CAREFULLY BECAUSE ONLY THOSE TERMS IN WRITING ARE ENFORCEABLE. NO OTHER TERMS OR ORAL PROMISES NOT CONTAINED IN THIS WRITTEN CONTRACT MAY BE LEGALLY ENFORCED. YOU MAY CHANGE THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT ONLY BY ANOTHER WRITTEN AGREEMENT.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Matthew Kiger
MATTHEW KIGER (Seal)
-Borrower

Jill Kiger
JILL KIGER (Seal)
-Borrower

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]

STATE OF IOWA ss:
County of MADISON.....

On this 8TH..... day of AUGUST, 2003....., before me, a Notary Public in the State of Iowa, personally appeared MATTHEW KIGER; JILL KIGER, HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT DEBTORS....., to me known to be the person(s) named in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that he/she/they executed the same as his/her/their..... voluntary act and deed.
My Commission Expires: 08-16-2005

DAVE A. KOCH

Notary Public in the State of Iowa



