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MICKI UTSLER
RECORDER
MADISON COUNTY, IOWA

✓ UNION STATE BANK, P.O. BOX 110, 201 WEST COURT, WINTERSET, IA, 50273, (515) 462-2161
[Name, address and telephone number of preparer]

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated 10-30-2002, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is PAUL J. SCHAEFER AND BETTY J. SCHAEFER, HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT DEBTORS.

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is UNION STATE BANK.

Lender is a CORPORATION organized and existing under the laws of THE STATE OF IOWA. Lender's address is P.O. BOX 110, 201 WEST COURT, WINTERSET, IA 50273. Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated 10-30-2002. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender EIGHTY SIX THOUSAND AND NO/100 Dollars (U.S. \$ 86,000.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than 11-01-2017.

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Rate Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Condominium Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Balloon Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [specify] |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-4 Family Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider | |

(H) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(K) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(M) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(N) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(O) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(P) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.



PS
BJS

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for rational use and non-ordinary covenants with limited variances by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

BOKKOW BR COVENANTS under Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and Borrower is liable for all claims and demands, except for encumbrances of warraints and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

TOGETHER WITH ALL THE IMPROVEMENTS NOW OR HEREAFTER ERECTED ON THE PROPERTY, AND ALL APPURTENANCES, AND FIXTURES NOW OR HEREAFTER A PART OF THE PROPERTY. ALL REPAIRS AND ADDITIONS SHALL ALSO BE EASUREMENTS, SECURITY INSTRUMENTS, AND FIXTURES NOW OR HEREAFTER ERECTED TO IN THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT AS THE "PROPERTY."

WINTERSET....., Iowa 50273-8196 [City].....[Zip Code].....("Property Address":

[Street] [City], [State] [Zip Code] [Phone Number]

A PARCEL OF LAND IN THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER ($\frac{1}{4}$) OF SECTION TWENTY-FIVE (25), TOWNSHIP SEVENTY-SIX (76) NORTH, RANGE TWENTY-SEVEN (27) WEST OF SECTION TWENTY-FIVE (25), TOWNSHIP SEVENTY-SIX (76) MADISON COUNTY, IOWA, THENCE ALONG THE WEST LINE OF THE NORTHWEST QUARTER ($\frac{1}{4}$) OF SECTION TWENTY-FIVE (25), TOWNSHIP SEVENTY-SIX (76) NORTH, RANGE TWENTY-SEVEN (27) WEST OF THE 5TH P.M., 306.38 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING, THENCE CONTINUING NORTH 00°00'00", 287.30 FEET, THENCE NORTH 87°51'00", EAST 455.18 FEET, THENCE SOUTH 00°00'00", 287.30 FEET, THENCE SOUTH 87°51'00", WEST, 455.18 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING, SAID PARCEL OF LAND CONTAINS 3,000 ACRES INCLUDING 0.018 ACRES OF COUNTY ROAD RIGHT OF WAY.

TRANSACTIONS IN THE PROPERTY
 This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note.

For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably mortgages, grants and conveys to Lender, with power of sale, the following described property located in the OFFICE OF RECORDER of [Type of Recording Jurisdiction].....

MADISON COUNTY.....
[Name of Recording Jurisdiction]

requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by

11. Assignment of such Sanctionation or termination. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and
unearneded at the time of such Sanctionation or termination. Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and
shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, in
the restoration of repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights borrower has--if any--with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Premiums that were received under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law.

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for interest, or add fees or any other charges to any refund.

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of insurer's mortgage insurance risk, or reducing losses, it is often termed "aptive reinsurance".

Mortgagee insures evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgagee insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgagee insurer to make payments to the other party and any source of funds that the mortgagee insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgagee Insurance premiums).

Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separate premiums payable towards the premium required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lenders' requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lenders providing for such termination is required by applicable law.

longer require lessive losses of Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender as soon as Lender becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires premiums toward the premium for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition

mortgage insurance selected by Lender. If substituted fully equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance.

shall pay the premium required to maintain the mortgage insurance in effect, for any reason, the mortgagor shall pay the premium required to be available from the mortgagor to insure that premiums for such insurance shall be paid by Lender under the terms and conditions of the policy.

Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

Security instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

utilities turned on or off. Although Lennder may take action under this Section 9, Lennder does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lennder may take action under this Section 9, liability for not taking any or all actions under this Section 9, shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this

over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including preserving and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or protecting the security interest or right to possession of the Property.

concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower fails to provide, misleads, or omits any information or statement of fact which materially affects or misleads Lender or causes Lender to provide Lender with material information which materially affects the Loan. Material representations, include, but are not limited to, representations

relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

In this instance of condominium proceedings, the party in commonality shall be responsible for preparing the property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may distribute proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condominium proceeding are not sufficient to restore the property, Borrower is not liable.

or impair the Property, allow the holder of title to the Property to get rid of the Property, without or before Borrower shall commit the Property to waste or the Property, unless Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration of the Property. Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration of the Property. Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration of the Property. Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration of the Property.

residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless less than one otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

breach of any covenant or agreement to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the date of default; (b) the date from which the default notice is given to Borrower; by whom the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default notice is given to Borrower; (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Security instrument in this Agreement provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the date of default; (b) the date required to cure the default; (c) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (e) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (f) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (g) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (h) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (i) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (j) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (k) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (l) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (m) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (n) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (o) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (p) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (q) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (r) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (s) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (t) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (u) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (v) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (w) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (x) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration; (y) a date, not later than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (z) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time lapse before certain action can be taken, then such corrective action will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration shall be given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 20 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contracts or escrow agreements, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

19. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. A Note and of this Security Instrument.

pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. Waivers. Borrower relinquishes all right of dower and waives all right of homestead and distributive share in and to the Property. Borrower waives any right of exemption as to the Property.

25. HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION WAIVER. I UNDERSTAND THAT HOMESTEAD PROPERTY IS IN MANY CASES PROTECTED FROM THE CLAIMS OF CREDITORS AND EXEMPT FROM JUDICIAL SALE; AND THAT BY SIGNING THIS MORTGAGE, I VOLUNTARILY GIVE UP MY RIGHT TO THIS PROTECTION FOR THIS MORTGAGED PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO CLAIMS BASED UPON THIS MORTGAGE.

Paul J. Schaefer
PAUL J. SCHAEFER

10-30-02
[Date]

Betty J. Schaefer
BETTY J. SCHAEFER

10-30-02
[Date]

26. Redemption Period. If the Property is less than 10 acres in size and Lender waives in any foreclosure proceeding any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 6 months. If the court finds that the Property has been abandoned by Borrower and Lender waives any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 60 days. The provisions of this Section 26 shall be construed to conform to the provisions of Sections 628.26 and 628.27 of the Code of Iowa.

Purchase Money Mortgage. This is a purchase money mortgage as defined by Iowa law.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE SIGNING. THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT SHOULD BE READ CAREFULLY BECAUSE ONLY THOSE TERMS IN WRITING ARE ENFORCEABLE. NO OTHER TERMS OR ORAL PROMISES NOT CONTAINED IN THIS WRITTEN CONTRACT MAY BE LEGALLY ENFORCED. YOU MAY CHANGE THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT ONLY BY ANOTHER WRITTEN AGREEMENT.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Paul J. Schaefer
PAUL J. SCHAEFER (Seal)
-Borrower

Betty J. Schaefer
BETTY J. SCHAEFER (Seal)
-Borrower

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]

STATE OF IOWA
County of MADISON.....

ss:

On this 30TH day of OCTOBER, 2002, before me, a Notary Public in the State of Iowa, personally appeared PAUL J. SCHAEFER, BETTY J. SCHAEFER, HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT DEBTORS....., to me known to be the person(s) named in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged thathe/she/they..... executed the same ashis/her/their..... voluntary act and deed.

My Commission Expires: 08-16-2005

Dave A. Koch

Notary Public in the State of Iowa

DAVE A. KOCH



1. *Arachnophobes*
2. *Arachnophobes*
3. *Arachnophobes*