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MICKI UTSLER
RECORDER
MADISON COUNTY, IOWA

✓
POLK COUNTY BANK, 5601 MERLE HAY ROAD, P.O. BOX 200, JOHNSTON, IA 50131, (515) 278-6300
[Name, address and telephone number of preparer]

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated 06-20-2002, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is PAUL S. KJIMESH AND CONNIE S. KJIMESH, A SINGLE PERSON

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is POLK COUNTY BANK

Lender is a CORPORATION, organized and existing under the laws of THE STATE OF IOWA. Lender's address is 5601 MERLE HAY ROAD, P.O. BOX 200, JOHNSTON, IA 50131. Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated 06-20-2002. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender ONE HUNDRED FORTY THOUSAND AND NO/100

Dollars (U.S. \$ 140,000.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than 07-01-2032.

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Rate Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Condominium Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Balloon Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [specify] |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1-4 Family Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Biweekly Payment Rider | |

(H) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(K) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(M) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(N) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(O) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(P) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.



Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-A 8/17/2000

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note.

For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably mortgages, grants and conveys to Lender, with power of sale, the following described property located in the COUNTY _____ of _____, _____ of _____, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____.

MADISON COUNTY
 Name of Recording Jurisdiction _____

Type of Recording Jurisdiction _____

LOT 10 OF HELLEN MCCALL HUNTOON ADDITION, PLAT NO. 3, TO THE CITY OF WINTEREST, MADISON COUNTY, IOWA

which currently has the address of 1303 N. 7TH ST.

WINTEREST (City)
 Street _____
 Zip Code _____ ("Property Address"):

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to retain and convey the Property and that the title to the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the estate hereby conveyed and late charges when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any preparation charges and late pay when under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow items pursuant to Section 3. Payments made by this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require the instrument to be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment of partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or accept any payment of partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, Lender may return any payment as may be received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be received by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may refuse to accept any payment as may be received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be received by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15.

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Preparation Charges, and Late Charges.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds.

If Lender holds such undrawn funds under the Note, (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due and applicable in the following order of priority: (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under the Note; (d) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied first to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

To pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment due at the late charge. If more than one periodic payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the periodic payment due to the extent that, and to the extent that, each payment can be applied in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the periodic payment is applied to the delinquent payment due at the late charge, Lender may receive a sufficient amount to extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Payments of, and to the full payment of, one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charge due under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Premiums over this instrument as a lien or encumbrance required by Lender under Section 5, and other items which can attain priority over this instrument as a tax or encumbrance due for: (a) taxes and assessments paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (b) leschold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance premiums for the Property; (d) other items which furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the amount of Funds for Escrow items to Lender unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for all Escrow items. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender items for Escrow items, if any, he receives by Borrower, and such assessments shall be assessed on the note or agreement of Lender and Assessments, if any, Lender may require that Commodity Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such fees and assessments shall be paid by Lender and willer may waive payment for any time during the term of the Note. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay Lender the amount of Funds for Escrow items to Lender unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for all Escrow items. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where described in the Note.

requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by

If the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration, if the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, unless Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not there due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property to comply with all applicable laws after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as otherwise agreed within 60 days of the execution of this Security Instrument, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless executing circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

Borrower, Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not there due.

7. Preservation. Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Whether or not Borrower is responsible for repairing the Property to prevent the Property from deteriorating or becoming unsafe due to its value, Lender shall maintain the Property in good condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration of the Property is not necessary to the protection of Lender's interest in the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing the Property only if damage to the Property results from deterioration of the Property or from acts of God.

8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower fails to perform the obligations contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding in bankruptcy against Lender's interests in this Security Instrument, (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property over this Security Instrument or to enforce his right to possession of a lien which may attach prior to his taking possession of the Property, and/or (d) he sells or conveys his interest in the Property to another person for whom he is not liable to Lender, or (e) Borrower has abandoned the Property to protect Lender's interest in this Security Instrument or to enforce his right to possession of a lien which may attach prior to his taking possession of the Property.

Lender may inspect the interior of the Property as often as necessary for the purpose of inspecting the interior of the Property, and to inspect the exterior of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender or his agent may inspect any part of the Property as often as necessary for the purpose of inspecting the exterior of the Property, and to inspect the interior of the Property.

9. Protection of Lender's Interests in the Property and Rights Under this Section 9. Lender's actions authorized under this Section 9, shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument, unless Lender may take action under this Section 9, to collect Lender's rights in the Property, Lender may sue for the recovery of any sum secured by this Security Instrument, or sue for specific performance or injunction against Borrower to prevent him from doing any act which would violate the terms of this Security Instrument.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided the premiums for Borrower, Lender shall be entitled to receive payables from the new mortgage insurer toward the premiums for Borrower until Lender has been reimbursed by the new mortgage insurer in full, and Lender shall be entitled to receive payables from the new mortgage insurer in the amount and for the period that the old mortgage insurance coverage ceases to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these separate payments that were due when the coverage ceased to pay to Lender, and Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest on such loss separately.

If this Security instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forgery. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender. If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, unless Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not there due.

If such assignment of such cancellation or termination of the Mortagage Insurance is not timely made at the time of such cancellation or termination, the Mortagage Insurance premiums that were

received certain disciplines, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortagage Insurance, to have the Mortagage Insurance certificate terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premium that was paid to Lender.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has--it any--with respect to the Mortagage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(a) Any such agreements that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

Further: As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any entity that is entitled to receive the premium funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

Mortgage Insurance premiums that share or modify their risk, or receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be entitled, or any affiliation of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be

entity, or any other entity that is entitled to receive the premium funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums). These agreements that are satisfied to make payments to the other party (or parties) to these agreements are on terms and conditions with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses.

Agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are entered into force from time to time, and may enter into further:

Mortgage Insurance premiums that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses to pay for Mortgage Insurance premiums).

Further: As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any entity that is entitled to receive the premium funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

Mortgage Insurance premiums that share or modify their risk, or receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be entitled, or any affiliation of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be

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Mortgage Insurance premiums that share or modify their risk, or receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be entitled, or any affiliation of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be

period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

IOWA—Sibgle Family Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such time Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party before a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law permits a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to cure shall be deemed to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action of this Section 20.

19. Borrower's Right to Kremstare After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before a sale of the property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to remit; or (c) entry of a judgment enjoining this Security Instrument. Those conditions are: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including attorney's fees, property valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reasonable sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon whose depositors are insured by a federal agency, institution or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this Period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Transfer" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those benefits which are derived from the Property by Borrower in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the transfer of title by Borrower to a future date or a purchaser.

As used in this section, "gender" shall mean and include corresponding neuter words of words of the feminine gender; (a) words of the masculine gender which give the sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

23. **Release.** Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. **Waivers.** Borrower relinquishes all right of dower and waives all right of homestead and distributive share in and to the Property. Borrower waives any right of exemption as to the Property.

25. **HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION WAIVER.** I UNDERSTAND THAT HOMESTEAD PROPERTY IS IN MANY CASES PROTECTED FROM THE CLAIMS OF CREDITORS AND EXEMPT FROM JUDICIAL SALE; AND THAT BY SIGNING THIS MORTGAGE, I VOLUNTARILY GIVE UP MY RIGHT TO THIS PROTECTION FOR THIS MORTGAGED PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO CLAIMS BASED UPON THIS MORTGAGE.

Paul S. Klimesh
PAUL S. KLIMESH

6/20/02

[Date]

Connie S. Klimesh
CONNIE S. KLIMESH

6-20-02

[Date]

26. **Redemption Period.** If the Property is less than 10 acres in size and Lender waives in any foreclosure proceeding any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 6 months. If the court finds that the Property has been abandoned by Borrower and Lender waives any right to a deficiency judgment against Borrower, the period of redemption from judicial sale shall be reduced to 60 days. The provisions of this Section 26 shall be construed to conform to the provisions of Sections 628.26 and 628.27 of the Code of Iowa.

Purchase Money Mortgage. This is a purchase money mortgage as defined by Iowa law.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE SIGNING. THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT SHOULD BE READ CAREFULLY BECAUSE ONLY THOSE TERMS IN WRITING ARE ENFORCEABLE. NO OTHER TERMS OR ORAL PROMISES NOT CONTAINED IN THIS WRITTEN CONTRACT MAY BE LEGALLY ENFORCED. YOU MAY CHANGE THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT ONLY BY ANOTHER WRITTEN AGREEMENT.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Paul S. Klimesh
PAUL S. KLIMESH (Seal)
-Borrower

Connie S. Klimesh
CONNIE S. KLIMESH (Seal)
-Borrower

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]

STATE OF IOWA ss:

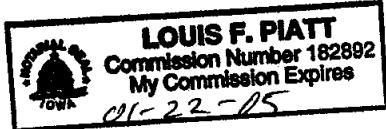
County of POLK.....

On this 20TH day of JUNE, 2002, before me, a Notary Public in the State of Iowa, personally appeared PAUL S. KLIMESH; CONNIE S. KLIMESH, A SINGLE PERSON, to me known to be the person(s) named in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged that he/she/they executed the same as his/her/their voluntary act and deed.

My Commission Expires: 01-22-2005

Louis F. Piatt
Notary Public in the State of Iowa

LOUIS F. PIATT



1. *What is the best way to increase sales?*

2. *How can we improve our customer service?*

3. *What are the most effective marketing strategies for our products?*

4. *How can we reduce costs while maintaining quality?*

5. *What are the latest trends in our industry?*

6. *How can we enhance our product packaging?*

7. *What are the best ways to engage with our target audience?*

8. *How can we ensure ethical business practices?*

9. *What are the most efficient ways to manage our supply chain?*

10. *How can we measure the success of our business initiatives?*

11. *What are the best ways to handle customer complaints?*

12. *How can we stay competitive in a crowded market?*

13. *What are the best ways to manage our team effectively?*

14. *How can we ensure compliance with industry regulations?*

15. *What are the best ways to build strong relationships with partners?*

16. *How can we ensure sustainable growth for our business?*

17. *What are the best ways to manage our financial resources?*

18. *How can we ensure data privacy and security?*

19. *What are the best ways to manage our inventory levels?*

20. *How can we ensure timely delivery of our products?*

21. *What are the best ways to manage our production processes?*

22. *How can we ensure quality control throughout the supply chain?*

23. *What are the best ways to manage our distribution network?*

24. *How can we ensure timely payment from our customers?*

25. *What are the best ways to manage our accounts receivable?*

26. *How can we ensure timely payment to our suppliers?*

27. *What are the best ways to manage our accounts payable?*

28. *How can we ensure timely delivery of our products to customers?*

29. *What are the best ways to manage our delivery processes?*

30. *How can we ensure timely payment from customers for delivered products?*